
CFURL Reference

Core Foundation



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CFURL Reference

Derived From:	CType
Framework:	CoreFoundation/CoreFoundation.h
Declared in	CFURL.h

Overview

CFURL provides facilities for creating, parsing, and dereferencing URL strings. CFURL is useful to applications that need to use URLs to access resources, including local files.

A CFURL object is composed of two parts—a base URL, which can be `NULL`, and a string that is resolved relative to the base URL. A CFURL object whose string is fully resolved without a base URL is considered absolute; all others are considered relative.

CFURL fails to create an object if the string passed is not well-formed (that is, if it does not comply with RFC 2396). Examples of cases that will not succeed are strings containing space characters and high-bit characters. If a function fails to create a CFURL object, it returns `NULL`, which you must be prepared to handle. If you create CFURL objects using file system paths, you should use the [CFURLCreateFromFileSystemRepresentation](#) (page 23) and [CFURLCreateFromFileSystemRepresentationRelativeToBase](#) (page 24) functions, which handle the subtle differences between URL paths and file system paths.

For functions that read and write data from a URL, see *Core Foundation URL Access Utilities Reference*

CFURL is “toll-free bridged” with its Cocoa Foundation counterpart, NSURL. This means that the Core Foundation type is interchangeable in function or method calls with the bridged Foundation object. In other words, in a method where you see an `NSURL *` parameter, you can pass in a `CFURLRef`, and in a function where you see a `CFURLRef` parameter, you can pass in an NSURL instance. This also applies to concrete subclasses of NSURL. See *Integrating Carbon and Cocoa in Your Application* for more information on toll-free bridging.

Functions by Task

Creating a CFURL

[CFURLCopyAbsoluteURL](#) (page 10)

Creates a new CFURL object by resolving the relative portion of a URL against its base.

[CFURLCreateAbsoluteURLWithBytes](#) (page 19)

Creates a new `CFURL` object by resolving the relative portion of a URL, specified as bytes, against its given base URL.

[CFURLCreateCopyAppendingPathComponent](#) (page 20)

Creates a copy of a given URL and appends a path component.

[CFURLCreateCopyAppendingPathExtension](#) (page 21)

Creates a copy of a given URL and appends a path extension.

[CFURLCreateCopyDeletingLastPathComponent](#) (page 21)

Creates a copy of a given URL with the last path component deleted.

[CFURLCreateCopyDeletingPathExtension](#) (page 22)

Creates a copy of a given URL with its last path extension removed.

[CFURLCreateFromFileSystemRepresentation](#) (page 23)

Creates a new `CFURL` object for a file system entity using the native representation.

[CFURLCreateFromFileSystemRepresentationRelativeToBase](#) (page 24)

Creates a `CFURL` object from a native character string path relative to a base URL.

[CFURLCreateFromFSRef](#) (page 25)

Creates a URL from a given directory or file.

[CFURLCreateWithBytes](#) (page 28)

Creates a `CFURL` object using a given character bytes.

[CFURLCreateWithFilePath](#) (page 29)

Creates a `CFURL` object using a local file system path string.

[CFURLCreateWithFilePathRelativeToBase](#) (page 30)

Creates a `CFURL` object using a local file system path string relative to a base URL.

[CFURLCreateWithString](#) (page 31)

Creates a `CFURL` object using a given `CFString` object.

Accessing the Parts of a URL

[CFURLCanBeDecomposed](#) (page 10)

Determines if the given URL conforms to RFC 1808 and therefore can be decomposed.

[CFURLCopyFilePath](#) (page 11)

Returns the path portion of a given URL.

[CFURLCopyFragment](#) (page 11)

Returns the fragment from a given URL.

[CFURLCopyHostName](#) (page 12)

Returns the host name of a given URL.

[CFURLCopyLastPathComponent](#) (page 13)

Returns the last path component of a given URL.

[CFURLCopyNetLocation](#) (page 13)

Returns the net location portion of a given URL.

[CFURLCopyParameterString](#) (page 14)

Returns the parameter string from a given URL.

[CFURLCopyPassword](#) (page 14)

Returns the password of a given URL.

- [CFURLCopyPath](#) (page 15)
Returns the path portion of a given URL.
- [CFURLCopyPathExtension](#) (page 16)
Returns the path extension of a given URL.
- [CFURLCopyQueryString](#) (page 16)
Returns the query string of a given URL.
- [CFURLCopyResourceSpecifier](#) (page 17)
Returns any additional resource specifiers after the path.
- [CFURLCopyScheme](#) (page 17)
Returns the scheme portion of a given URL.
- [CFURLCopyStrictPath](#) (page 18)
Returns the path portion of a given URL.
- [CFURLCopyUserName](#) (page 18)
Returns the user name from a given URL.
- [CFURLGetPortNumber](#) (page 35)
Returns the port number from a given URL.
- [CFURLHasDirectoryPath](#) (page 36)
Determines if a given URL's path represents a directory.

Converting URLs to Other Representations

- [CFURLCreateData](#) (page 22)
Creates a `CFData` object containing the content of a given URL.
- [CFURLCreateStringByAddingPercentEscapes](#) (page 25)
Creates a copy of a string, replacing certain characters with the equivalent percent escape sequence based on the specified encoding.
- [CFURLCreateStringByReplacingPercentEscapes](#) (page 27)
Creates a new string by replacing any percent escape sequences with their character equivalent.
- [CFURLCreateStringByReplacingPercentEscapesUsingEncoding](#) (page 27)
Creates a new string by replacing any percent escape sequences with their character equivalent.
- [CFURLGetFileSystemRepresentation](#) (page 33)
Fills a buffer with the file system's native string representation of a given URL's path.
- [CFURLGetFSRef](#) (page 34)
Converts a given URL to a file or directory object.
- [CFURLGetString](#) (page 35)
Returns the URL as a `CFString` object.

Getting URL Properties

- [CFURLGetBaseURL](#) (page 32)
Returns the base URL of a given URL if it exists.
- [CFURLGetBytes](#) (page 33)
Returns by reference the byte representation of a URL object.

[CFURLGetByteRangeForComponent](#) (page 32)

Returns the range of the specified component in the bytes of a URL.

[CFURLGetTypeID](#) (page 36)

Returns the type identifier for the `CFURL` opaque type.

Functions

CFURLCanBeDecomposed

Determines if the given URL conforms to RFC 1808 and therefore can be decomposed.

```
Boolean CFURLCanBeDecomposed (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters

anURL

The `CFURL` object to test.

Return Value

`true` if *anURL* conforms to RFC 1808, `false` otherwise.

Discussion

If a `CFURL` object can be decomposed, you can retrieve separately each of the four components (scheme, net location, path, and resource specifier), as well as the base URL.

Relative URLs are permitted to have only paths (or a variety of other configurations); these are considered decomposable if their base URL is decomposable. If no base URL is present, they are considered decomposable.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

`CFURL.h`

CFURLCopyAbsoluteURL

Creates a new `CFURL` object by resolving the relative portion of a URL against its base.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCopyAbsoluteURL (
    CFURLRef relativeURL
);
```

Parameters

relativeURL

The `CFURL` object to resolve.

Return Value

A new `CFURL` object, or `NULL` if *relativeURL* cannot be made absolute. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

ImageClient

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyFileSystemPath

Returns the path portion of a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyFileSystemPath (
    CFURLRef anURL,
    CFURLPathStyle pathStyle
);
```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object whose path you want to obtain.

pathStyle

The operating system path style to be used to create the path. See [Path Style](#) (page 39) for a list of possible values.

Return Value

The URL's path in the format specified by *pathStyle*. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function returns the URL's path as a file system path for a given path style.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

AudioBurn

MoreAppleEvents

MoreIsBetter

QISA

SeeMyFriends

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyFragment

Returns the fragment from a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyFragment (
    CFURLRef anURL,
    CFStringRef charactersToLeaveEscaped
);
```

Parameters*anURL*

The CFURL object whose fragment you want to obtain.

charactersToLeaveEscaped

Characters whose percent escape sequences, such as %20 for a space character, you want to leave intact. Pass NULL to specify that no percent escapes be replaced, or the empty string (CFSTR(" ")) to specify that all be replaced.

Return Value

The fragment, or NULL if no fragment exists. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

A fragment is the text following a "#". These are generally used to indicate locations within a single file. This function removes all percent escape sequences except those for characters specified in *charactersToLeaveEscaped*.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyHostName

Returns the host name of a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyHostName (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters*anURL*

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The host name of *anURL*. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

ImageClient

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyLastPathComponent

Returns the last path component of a given URL.

```

CFStringRef CFURLCopyLastPathComponent (
    CFURLRef url
);

```

Parameters

url

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The last path component of *url*. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

Note that if there is no last path component, this function returns an empty string. In the code sample shown in Listing 1, `lastPathComponent` is an empty string.

Listing 1 Code sample illustrating CFURLCopyLastPathComponent

```

CFStringRef urlString = CFSTR("http://www.apple.com");
CFURLRef url = CFURLCreateWithString(NULL, urlString, NULL);
CFStringRef lastPathComponent = CFURLCopyLastPathComponent (url);

```

If `urlString` were created with `CFSTR("http://www.apple.com/")`, then `lastPathComponent` would be a CFString object containing the character `"/"`.

See also [CFURLCopyPathExtension](#) (page 16).

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

CFFTPSample

HITextViewDemo

QTCarbonShell

RecentItems

SampleCMPlugIn

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyNetLocation

Returns the net location portion of a given URL.

```

CFStringRef CFURLCopyNetLocation (
    CFURLRef anURL
);

```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The net location of *anURL*, or NULL if the URL cannot be decomposed (doesn't conform to RFC 1808). Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

The URL net location is the portion of the URL that identifies the network address of the resource. It includes the optional username and password, as well as the target machine's IP address or host name.

This function leaves any percent escape sequences intact.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyParameterString

Returns the parameter string from a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyParameterString (
    CFURLRef anURL,
    CFStringRef charactersToLeaveEscaped
);
```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object to examine.

charactersToLeaveEscaped

Characters whose percent escape sequences, such as %20 for a space character, you want to leave intact. Pass NULL to specify that no percent escapes be replaced, or the empty string (CFSTR("")) to specify that all be replaced.

Return Value

The parameter string (as defined in RFC 1738), or NULL if no parameter string exists. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function removes all percent escape sequences except those for characters specified in *charactersToLeaveEscaped*.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyPassword

Returns the password of a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyPassword (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters*anURL*

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The password, or NULL if no password exists. In some cases, this function may also return the empty string (CFSTR("")) if no password exists. You should consider NULL and the empty string to be equivalent. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyPath

Returns the path portion of a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyPath (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters*anURL*

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The path of *anURL*, or NULL if the URL cannot be decomposed (doesn't conform to RFC 1808). Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function does not resolve the URL against its base and replaces all percent escape sequences. This function's return value includes any leading slash (giving the path the normal POSIX appearance), if present. If this behavior is not appropriate, use [CFURLCopyStrictPath](#) (page 18) whose return value omits any leading slash. You may also want to use the function [CFURLCopyFilePath](#) (page 11), which returns the URL's path as a file system path for the given path style. If the path is to be passed to file system calls, you may also want to use the function [CFURLGetFileSystemRepresentation](#) (page 33), which returns a C string.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

ImageClient

iTunesController

SampleDS

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyPathExtension

Returns the path extension of a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyPathExtension (
    CFURLRef url
);
```

Parameters*url*

The CFURL object to examine.

Return ValueThe path extension of *url*, or NULL if no extension exists. Ownership follows the Create Rule.**Discussion**

The path extension is the portion of the last path component which follows the final period, if there is one. For example, for `http://www.apple.com/developer/macosx.today.html`, the extension is `html`, and for `http://www.apple.com/developer`, there is no path extension.

See also [CFURLCopyLastPathComponent](#) (page 13).**Availability**

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyQueryString

Returns the query string of a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyQueryString (
    CFURLRef anURL,
    CFStringRef charactersToLeaveEscaped
);
```

Parameters*anURL*

The CFURL object to examine.

charactersToLeaveEscaped

Characters whose percent escape sequences, such as `%20` for a space character, you want to leave intact. Pass NULL to specify that no percent escapes be replaced, or the empty string (`CFSTR("")`) to specify that all be replaced.

Return Value

The query string, or NULL if no parameter string exists. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function removes all percent escape sequences except those for characters specified in *charactersToLeaveEscaped*.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyResourceSpecifier

Returns any additional resource specifiers after the path.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyResourceSpecifier (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The resource specifiers. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function leaves any percent escape sequences intact. For decomposable URLs, this function returns everything after the path. For URLs that cannot be decomposed, this function returns everything except the scheme itself.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyScheme

Returns the scheme portion of a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyScheme (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The scheme of *anURL*. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

The URL scheme is the portion of the URL specifying the transport type. For example `http`, `ftp`, and `rtsp` are schemes. This function leaves any percent escape sequences intact.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

ImageClient

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyStrictPath

Returns the path portion of a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyStrictPath (
    CFURLRef anURL,
    Boolean *isAbsolute
);
```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object to examine.

isAbsolute

On return, indicates whether the path of *anURL* is absolute.

Return Value

The path of *anURL*, or NULL if the URL cannot be decomposed (doesn't conform to RFC 1808). Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function does not resolve the URL against its base and replaces all percent escape sequences. This function's return value does not include a leading slash and uses *isAbsolute* to report whether the URL's path is absolute. If this behavior is not appropriate, use the [CFURLCopyPath](#) (page 15) function whose return value includes the leading slash (giving the path the normal POSIX appearance). You may also want to use the [CFURLCopyFilePath](#) (page 11) function, which returns the URL's path as a file system path for the given path style. If the path is to be passed to file system calls, you may also want to use the function [CFURLGetFileSystemRepresentation](#) (page 33), which returns a C string.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCopyUserName

Returns the user name from a given URL.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCopyUserName (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters*anURL*

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The user name, or NULL if no user name exists. In some cases, this function may also return the empty string (CFSTR("")) if no username exists. You should consider NULL and the empty string to be equivalent. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateAbsoluteURLWithBytes

Creates a new CFURL object by resolving the relative portion of a URL, specified as bytes, against its given base URL.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateAbsoluteURLWithBytes (
    CFAllocatorRef alloc,
    const UInt8 *relativeURLBytes,
    CFIndex length,
    CFStringEncoding encoding,
    CFURLRef baseURL,
    Boolean useCompatibilityMode
);
```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new CFURL object. Pass NULL or kCFAllocatorDefault to use the current default allocator.

relativeURLBytes

The character bytes that represent a relative URL to convert into a CFURL object.

*length*The number of bytes in *relativeURLBytes*.*encoding*

The string encoding of the *relativeURLBytes* string. This encoding is also used to interpret percent escape sequences.

*baseURL*The URL to which *relativeURLBytes* is relative.*useCompatibilityMode*

If true, the rules historically used on the web are used to resolve the string specified by the *relativeURLBytes* parameter against *baseURL*. These rules are generally listed in the RFC as optional or alternate interpretations. Otherwise, the strict rules from the RFC are used.

Return Value

A new `CFURL` object, or `NULL` if *relativeURLBytes* cannot be made absolute. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.

Declared In

`CFURL.h`

CFURLCreateCopyAppendingPathComponent

Creates a copy of a given URL and appends a path component.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateCopyAppendingPathComponent (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFURLRef url,
    CFStringRef pathComponent,
    Boolean isDirectory
);
```

Parameters

allocator

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFURL` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

url

The `CFURL` object to which to append a path component.

pathComponent

The path component to append to *url*.

isDirectory

A Boolean value that specifies whether the string is treated as a directory path when resolving against relative path components. Pass `true` if the new component indicates a directory, `false` otherwise.

Return Value

A copy of *url* appended with *pathComponent*. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

The *isDirectory* argument specifies whether or not the new path component points to a file or a to directory. Note that the URL syntax for a directory and for a file at otherwise the same location are slightly different—directory URLs must end in `"/`. If you have the URL `http://www.apple.com/foo/` and you append the path component `bar`, then if *isDirectory* is YES then the resulting URL is `http://www.apple.com/foo/bar/`, whereas if *isDirectory* is NO then the resulting URL is `http://www.apple.com/foo/bar`. This difference is particularly important if you resolve another URL against this new URL. `file.html` relative to `http://www.apple.com/foo/bar` is `http://www.apple.com/foo/file.html`, whereas `file.html` relative to `http://www.apple.com/foo/bar/` is `http://www.apple.com/foo/bar/file.html`.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

MoreIsBetter

PDEProject
 QISA
 simpleJavaLauncher
 SpellingChecker-CarbonCocoa

Declared In
 CFURL.h

CFURLCreateCopyAppendingPathExtension

Creates a copy of a given URL and appends a path extension.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateCopyAppendingPathExtension (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFURLRef url,
    CFStringRef extension
);
```

Parameters

allocator

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new CFURL object. Pass NULL or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

url

The CFURL object to which to append a path extension.

extension

The extension to append to *url*.

Return Value

A copy of *url* appended with *extension*. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In
 CFURL.h

CFURLCreateCopyDeletingLastPathComponent

Creates a copy of a given URL with the last path component deleted.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateCopyDeletingLastPathComponent (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFURLRef url
);
```

Parameters

allocator

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new CFURL object. Pass NULL or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

url

The CFURL object whose last path component you want to delete.

Return Value

A copy of *url* with the last path component deleted. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

HID Utilities Source

ImageClient

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateCopyDeletingPathExtension

Creates a copy of a given URL with its last path extension removed.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateCopyDeletingPathExtension (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFURLRef url
);
```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new CFURL object. Pass NULL or kCFAllocatorDefault to use the current default allocator.

url

The CFURL object whose path extension you want to delete.

Return Value

A copy of *url* with its last path extension removed. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateData

Creates a CFData object containing the content of a given URL.

```
CFDataRef CFURLCreateData (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFURLRef url,
    CFStringEncoding encoding,
    Boolean escapeWhitespace
);
```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFData` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

url

The URL to convert into a `CFData` object.

encoding

The string encoding to use when converting *url* into a `CFData` object.

escapeWhitespace

`true` if you want to escape whitespace characters in the URL, `false` otherwise.

Return Value

A new `CFData` object containing the content of *url*. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function escapes any character that is not 7-bit ASCII with the byte-code for the given encoding. If *escapeWhitespace* is `true`, whitespace characters (' ', '\t', '\r', '\n') will be escaped as well. This is desirable if you want to embed the URL into a larger text stream like HTML.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateFromFileSystemRepresentation

Creates a new `CFURL` object for a file system entity using the native representation.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateFromFileSystemRepresentation (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    const UInt8 *buffer,
    CFIndex bufLen,
    Boolean isDirectory
);
```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFURL` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

buffer

The character bytes to convert into a `CFURL` object. This should be the path as you would use in POSIX function calls.

bufLen

The number of bytes in the buffer.

isDirectory

A Boolean value that specifies whether the string is treated as a directory path when resolving against relative path components—`true` if the pathname indicates a directory, `false` otherwise.

Return Value

A new CFURL object. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

AudioQueueTools

CFFTPSample

CFPrefTopScores

MemoryBasedBundle

MoreIsBetter

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateFromFileSystemRepresentationRelativeToBase

Creates a CFURL object from a native character string path relative to a base URL.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateFromFileSystemRepresentationRelativeToBase (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    const UInt8 *buffer,
    CFIndex bufLen,
    Boolean isDirectory,
    CFURLRef baseURL
);
```

Parameters

allocator

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new CFURL object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

buffer

The character bytes to convert into a CFURL object. This should be the path as you would use in POSIX function calls.

bufLen

The number of bytes in the buffer.

isDirectory

A Boolean value that specifies whether the string is treated as a directory path when resolving against relative path components. Pass `true` if the pathname indicates a directory, `false` otherwise.

baseURL

The URL against which to resolve the path.

Return Value

A new CFURL object. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function takes a path name in the form of a native character string, resolves it against a base URL, and returns a new CFURL object containing the result.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateFromFSRef

Creates a URL from a given directory or file.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateFromFSRef (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    const struct FSRef *fsRef
);
```

Parameters

allocator

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new CFURL object. Pass NULL or kCFAllocatorDefault to use the current default allocator.

fsRef

The file or directory representing the URL.

Return Value

A new CFURL object. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

BSDLLCTest

CarbonSketch

QTCarbonShell

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateStringByAddingPercentEscapes

Creates a copy of a string, replacing certain characters with the equivalent percent escape sequence based on the specified encoding.

```

CFStringRef CFURLCreateStringByAddingPercentEscapes (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFStringRef originalString,
    CFStringRef charactersToLeaveUnescaped,
    CFStringRef legalURLCharactersToBeEscaped,
    CFStringEncoding encoding
);

```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFString` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

originalString

The `CFString` object to copy.

charactersToLeaveUnescaped

Characters whose percent escape sequences you want to leave intact. Pass `NULL` to specify that all escape sequences be replaced.

legalURLCharactersToBeEscaped

Legal characters to be escaped. Pass `NULL` to specify that no legal characters be replaced.

encoding

The encoding to use for the translation. If you are uncertain of the correct encoding, you should use UTF-8, which is the encoding designated by RFC 2396 as the correct encoding for use in URLs.

Return Value

A copy of *originalString* replacing certain characters. If it does not need to be modified (no percent escape sequences are missing), this function may merely return *originalString* with its reference count incremented. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

The characters escaped are all characters that are not legal URL characters (based on RFC 2396), plus any characters in *legalURLCharactersToBeEscaped*, less any characters in *charactersToLeaveUnescaped*. To simply correct any non-URL characters in an otherwise correct URL string, pass `NULL` for the *allocator*, *charactersToLeaveUnescaped*, and *legalURLCharactersToBeEscaped* parameters, and `kCFStringEncodingUTF8` as the *encoding* parameter.

It may be difficult to use this function to "clean up" unescaped or partially escaped URL strings where sequences are unpredictable and you cannot specify *charactersToLeaveUnescaped*. Instead, you can "pre-process" a URL string using [CFURLCreateStringByReplacingPercentEscapesUsingEncoding](#) (page 27) then add the escape characters using [CFURLCreateStringByAddingPercentEscapes](#) (page 25), as shown in the following code fragment.

```

CFStringRef originalURLString =
CFSTR("http://online.store.com/storefront/?request=get-document&doi=10.1175%2F1520-0426(2005)014%3C1157:00A0SS%3E2.0.CO%3B2");
CFStringRef preprocessedString =
    CFURLCreateStringByReplacingPercentEscapesUsingEncoding(kCFAllocatorDefault,
    originalURLString, CFSTR(""), kCFStringEncodingUTF8);
CFStringRef urlString =
    CFURLCreateStringByAddingPercentEscapes(kCFAllocatorDefault,
preprocessedString, NULL, NULL, kCFStringEncodingUTF8);
url = CFURLCreateWithString(kCFAllocatorDefault, urlString, NULL);

```

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.3 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

CFNetworkHTTPDownload

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateStringByReplacingPercentEscapes

Creates a new string by replacing any percent escape sequences with their character equivalent.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCreateStringByReplacingPercentEscapes (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFStringRef originalString,
    CFStringRef charactersToLeaveEscaped
);
```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFString` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

originalString

The `CFString` object to be copied and modified.

charactersToLeaveEscaped

Characters whose percent escape sequences, such as `%20` for a space character, you want to leave intact. Pass `NULL` to specify that no percent escapes be replaced, or the empty string (`CFSTR(" ")`) to specify that all be replaced.

Return Value

A new `CFString` object, or `NULL` if the percent escapes cannot be converted to characters, assuming UTF-8 encoding. If no characters need to be replaced, this function returns the original string with its reference count incremented. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

CFNetworkHTTPDownload

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateStringByReplacingPercentEscapesUsingEncoding

Creates a new string by replacing any percent escape sequences with their character equivalent.

```
CFStringRef CFURLCreateStringByReplacingPercentEscapesUsingEncoding (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFStringRef origString,
    CFStringRef charsToLeaveEscaped,
    CFStringEncoding encoding
);
```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFString` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

originalString

The `CFString` object to be copied and modified.

charactersToLeaveEscaped

Characters whose percent escape sequences, such as `%20` for a space character, you want to leave intact. Pass `NULL` to specify that no percent escapes be replaced, or the empty string (`CFSTR(" ")`) to specify that all be replaced.

encoding

Specifies the encoding to use when interpreting percent escapes.

Return Value

A new `CFString` object, or `NULL` if the percent escapes cannot be converted to characters, assuming the encoding given by *encoding*. If no characters need to be replaced, this function returns the original string with its reference count incremented. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Availability

Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateWithBytes

Creates a `CFURL` object using a given character bytes.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateWithBytes (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    const UInt8 *URLBytes,
    CFIndex length,
    CFStringEncoding encoding,
    CFURLRef baseURL
);
```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFURL` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

URLBytes

The character bytes to convert into a `CFURL` object.

length

The number of bytes in *URLBytes*.

encoding

The string encoding of the `URLBytes` string. This encoding is also used to interpret percent escape sequences.

baseURL

The URL to which `URLBytes` is relative. Pass `NULL` if `URLBytes` contains an absolute URL or if you want to create a relative URL. If `URLBytes` contains an absolute URL, this parameter is ignored.

Return Value

A new `CFURL` object. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

The specified string encoding will be used both to interpret `URLBytes`, and to interpret any percent-escapes within the string.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

CarbonCocoa_PictureCursor

DisplayURL

ImageBrowserView

RecentItems

Declared In

`CFURL.h`

CFURLCreateWithFilePath

Creates a `CFURL` object using a local file system path string.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateWithFilePath (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFStringRef filePath,
    CFURLPathStyle pathStyle,
    Boolean isDirectory
);
```

Parameters*allocator*

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFURL` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

filePath

The path string to convert to a `CFURL` object.

pathStyle

The operating system path style used in `filePath`. See [Path Style](#) (page 39) for a list of possible values.

isDirectory

A Boolean value that specifies whether `filePath` is treated as a directory path when resolving against relative path components. Pass `true` if the pathname indicates a directory, `false` otherwise.

Return Value

A new CFURL object. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

If *filePath* is not absolute, the resulting URL will be considered relative to the current working directory (evaluated when this function is being invoked).

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

ImageBrowserView

QISA

QTEExtractAndConvertToMovieFile

Quartz EB

TexturePerformanceDemo

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLCreateWithFileSystemPathRelativeToBase

Creates a CFURL object using a local file system path string relative to a base URL.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateWithFileSystemPathRelativeToBase (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFStringRef filePath,
    CFURLPathStyle pathStyle,
    Boolean isDirectory,
    CFURLRef baseURL
);
```

Parameters

allocator

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new CFURL object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

filePath

The path string to convert to a CFURL object.

pathStyle

The operating system path style used in the *filePath* string. See [Path Style](#) (page 39) for a list of possible values.

isDirectory

A Boolean value that specifies whether *filePath* is treated as a directory path when resolving against relative path components. Pass `true` if the pathname indicates a directory, `false` otherwise.

baseURL

The base URL against which to resolve the *filePath*.

Return Value

A new CFURL object. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

This function takes a path name in the form of a `CFString` object, resolves it against a base URL, and returns a new `CFURL` object containing the result.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

Aperture Image Resizer

Declared In

`CFURL.h`

CFURLCreateWithString

Creates a `CFURL` object using a given `CFString` object.

```
CFURLRef CFURLCreateWithString (
    CFAllocatorRef allocator,
    CFStringRef urlString,
    CFURLRef baseURL
);
```

Parameters

allocator

The allocator to use to allocate memory for the new `CFURL` object. Pass `NULL` or `kCFAllocatorDefault` to use the current default allocator.

URLString

The `CFString` object containing the URL string.

baseURL

The URL to which `URLString` is relative. Pass `NULL` if `URLString` contains an absolute URL or if you want to create a relative URL. If `URLString` contains an absolute URL, `baseURL` is ignored.

Return Value

A new `CFURL` object. Ownership follows the Create Rule.

Discussion

Any escape sequences in `URLString` will be interpreted using UTF-8.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

AuthForAll

CFFTPSample

ComboBoxPrefs

DockBrowser

LocalServer

Declared In

`CFURL.h`

CFURLGetBaseURL

Returns the base URL of a given URL if it exists.

```

CFURLRef CFURLGetBaseURL (
    CFURLRef anURL
);

```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

A CFURL object representing the base URL of *anURL*. Ownership follows the Get Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLGetByteRangeForComponent

Returns the range of the specified component in the bytes of a URL.

```

CFRange CFURLGetByteRangeForComponent (
    CFURLRef url,
    CFURLComponentType component,
    CFRange *rangeIncludingSeparators
);

```

Parameters

anURL

The URL containing *component*.

component

The type of component in *anURL* whose range you want to obtain. See [Component Type](#) (page 37) for possible values.

rangeIncludingSeparators

Specifies the range of *component* including the sequences that separate component from the previous and next components. If there is no previous or next components, this function will match the range of the component itself. If *anURL* does not contain *component*, *rangeIncludingSeparators* is set to the location where the component would be inserted.

Return Value

The range of bytes for *component* in the buffer returned by the [CFURLGetBytes](#) (page 33) function. If *anURL* does not contain *component*, the first part of the returned range is set to `kCFNotFound`.

Discussion

This function is intended to be used in conjunction with the [CFURLGetBytes](#) (page 33) function, since the range returned is only applicable to the bytes returned by [CFURLGetBytes](#) (page 33).

Availability

Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.

Related Sample Code

DisplayURL

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLGetBytes

Returns by reference the byte representation of a URL object.

```
CFIndex CFURLGetBytes (
    CFURLRef url,
    UInt8 *buffer,
    CFIndex bufferLength
);
```

Parameters*anURL*

The URL object to convert to a byte representation.

buffer

The buffer where you want the bytes to be placed. If the buffer is of insufficient size, returns -1 and no bytes are placed in buffer. If NULL the needed length is computed and returned. The returned bytes are the original bytes from which the URL was created. If the URL was created from a string, the bytes are the bytes of the string encoded via UTF-8.

*bufferLength*The number of bytes in *buffer*.**Return Value**Returns the number of bytes in *buffer* that were filled. If the buffer is of insufficient size, returns -1.**Availability**

Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.

Related Sample Code

DisplayURL

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLGetFileSystemRepresentation

Fills a buffer with the file system's native string representation of a given URL's path.

```
Boolean CFURLGetFileSystemRepresentation (
    CFURLRef url,
    Boolean resolveAgainstBase,
    UInt8 *buffer,
    CFIndex maxBufLen
);
```

Parameters*url*

The CFURL object whose native file system representation you want to obtain.

resolveAgainstBase

Pass `true` to return an absolute path name.

buffer

A pointer to a character buffer. On return, the buffer holds the native file system's representation of *url*. The buffer is null-terminated. This parameter must be at least *maxBufLen* in size for the file system in question to avoid failures for insufficiently large buffers.

maxBufLen

The maximum number of characters that can be written to *buffer*.

Return Value

`true` if successful, `false` if an error occurred.

Discussion

No more than *maxBufLen* bytes are written to *buffer*. If *url* requires more than *maxBufLen* bytes to represent itself, including the terminating null byte, this function returns `false`. To avoid this possible failure, you should pass a buffer with size of at least the maximum path length for the file system in question.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

BSDLLCTest

CheckExecutableArchitecture

MemoryBasedBundle

MoreIsBetter

QISA

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLGetFSRef

Converts a given URL to a file or directory object.

```
Boolean CFURLGetFSRef (
    CFURLRef url,
    struct FSRef *fsRef
);
```

Parameters

url

The CFURL object to convert to a file or directory object.

fsRef

Upon return, contains the file or directory object representing *url*.

Return Value

`true` if the conversion was successful, otherwise `false`.

Special Considerations

The function cannot create an FSRef object if the path specified by *url* contains an alias. The function can, however, traverse symbolic links.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.1 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLGetPortNumber

Returns the port number from a given URL.

```
SInt32 CFURLGetPortNumber (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value

The port number of *anURL*, or -1 if no port number exists.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

ImageClient

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLGetString

Returns the URL as a CFString object.

```
CFStringRef CFURLGetString (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters

anURL

The CFURL object to convert into a CFString object.

Return Value

A string representation of *anURL*. Ownership follows the Get Rule.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

AlbumToSlideshow

LoginItemsAE

QISA

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLGetTypeID

Returns the type identifier for the CFURL opaque type.

```
CFTypeID CFURLGetTypeID (
    void
);
```

Return Value

The type identifier for the CFURL opaque type.

Availability

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

LoginItemsAE

Declared In

CFURL.h

CFURLHasDirectoryPath

Determines if a given URL's path represents a directory.

```
Boolean CFURLHasDirectoryPath (
    CFURLRef anURL
);
```

Parameters*anURL*

The CFURL object to examine.

Return Value*true* if *anURL* represents a directory, *false* otherwise.**Availability**

Available in CarbonLib v1.0 and later.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Related Sample Code

CFFTPSample

ImageClient

MoreAppleEvents

MoreIsBetter

QISA

Declared In
CFURL.h

Data Types

CFURLRef

A reference to a CFURL object.

```
typedef const struct __CFURL *CFURLRef;
```

Availability

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared In
CFURL.h

Constants

Component Type

The types of components in a URL.

```
typedef enum {
    kCFURLComponentScheme = 1,
    kCFURLComponentNetLocation = 2,
    kCFURLComponentPath = 3,
    kCFURLComponentResourceSpecifier = 4,
    kCFURLComponentUser = 5,
    kCFURLComponentPassword = 6,
    kCFURLComponentUserInfo = 7,
    kCFURLComponentHost = 8,
    kCFURLComponentPort = 9,
    kCFURLComponentParameterString = 10,
    kCFURLComponentQuery = 11,
    kCFURLComponentFragment = 12
} CFURLComponentType;
typedef enum CFURLPathStyle CFURLPathStyle;
```

Constants

kCFURLComponentScheme

The URL's scheme.

Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.

Declared in CFURL.h.

kCFURLComponentNetLocation

The URL's network location.

Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.

Declared in CFURL.h.

- `kCFURLComponentPath`
The URL's path component.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentResourceSpecifier`
The URL's resource specifier.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentUser`
The URL's user.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentPassword`
The user's password.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentUserInfo`
The user's information.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentHost`
The URL's host.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentPort`
The URL's port.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentParameterString`
The URL's parameter string.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentQuery`
The URL's query.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.
- `kCFURLComponentFragment`
The URL's fragment.
Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.
Declared in `CFURL.h`.

Discussion

These constants are used by the [CFURLGetByteRangeForComponent](#) (page 32) function.

Availability

Available in Mac OS X v10.3 and later.

Path Style

Options you can use to determine how CFURL functions parse a file system path name.

```
enum CFURLPathStyle {
    kCFURLPOSIXPathStyle = 0,
    kCFURLHFSPathStyle = 1,
    kCFURLWindowsPathStyle = 2
};
typedef enum CFURLPathStyle CFURLPathStyle;
```

Constants

`kCFURLPOSIXPathStyle`

Indicates a POSIX style path name. Components are slash delimited. A leading slash indicates an absolute path; a trailing slash is not significant.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in `CFURL.h`.

`kCFURLHFSPathStyle`

Indicates a HFS style path name. Components are colon delimited. A leading colon indicates a relative path, otherwise the first path component denotes the volume.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in `CFURL.h`.

`kCFURLWindowsPathStyle`

Indicates a Windows style path name.

Available in Mac OS X v10.0 and later.

Declared in `CFURL.h`.

Document Revision History

This table describes the changes to *CFURL Reference*.

Date	Notes
2009-02-04	Corrected typos.
2008-07-11	Clarified the description of the <code>CFURLGetBytes</code> function.
2006-01-10	Clarified the behavior of the functions <code>CFURLCreateStringByAddingPercentEscapes</code> and <code>CFURLGetFSRef</code> .
2005-12-06	Made minor changes to clarify memory management rules.
2005-11-09	Removed reference to retired document.
2005-10-04	Corrected minor typographic errors.
2005-07-07	Clarified implementations of <code>CFURLCanBeDecomposed</code> and <code>CFURLCreateCopyAppendingPathComponent</code> , and description of <code>CFURLCopyPathExtension</code> .
2005-04-29	Moved Introduction to new Introduction page.
2004-08-31	Clarification of return values for <code>CFURLCopyLastPathComponent</code> .
2003-08-01	Added descriptions of new Mac OS X v10.3 API.
2003-01-01	First version of this document.

REVISION HISTORY

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